**Вариант V**

**I. Выберите правильный перевод подчеркнутой глагольной формы.**

1. Electrons forming an atom are in motion.

 a) образующие b) образуют c) образуя

2. Developing a device, an engineer used a new method.

 a) разработка b) разрабатывая c) разрабатывающий

3. Our scientists are preparing programmes for automatic devices.

 a) готовящие b) готовя c) готовят

4. Electron microscopes being very useful instruments, they are used today in many laboratories.

 a) являющиеся b) являясь c) являются

5. Electrons (движущиеся) from one atom of any substance to another form the flow called an electric current.

 a) moving b) by moving c) are moving

6. (Ожидая) for him I looked through the magazines lying on the table

 a) is waiting b) waiting c) on waiting

**II. Переведите предложения, обращая внимание на функции герундия в предложении.**

1. They spoke about their traveling to the North.

2. After receiving good results they stopped experiments.

3. I know of his having been appointed to a new job.

**III. Переведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание на функции причастия.**

1. Substances used in the experiment gave good results.

2. When analyzed, the data were confirmed.

3. Having looked through all the documents and letters received that day he called his secretary.

**Прочитайте текст и выполните задания после текста.**

**AN UNNATURAL DISASTER**

Pressing economic and social problems have plagued the world's developing nations in the decades following World War II. The demand for natural resources, the creation of jobs, and the need for more open land to settle growing populations have led many nations to introduce deforestation programs.

Although a useful short-term solution to economic problems, deforestation has disastrous consequences. Deforestation can decrease soil quality and create erosion problems, reducing rich forests to wastelands. The destruction of the tropical rain forests in Brazil threatens to alter the world's climate and contribute to the greenhouse effect.

Deforestation recently led to a major disaster in Thailand. The Thai government's 30-year policy of encouraging logging resulted in the loss of fully half the nation's forests. A violent rainstorm that hit one of the deforested regions in November 1988 created flash floods on the bare, muddy hillsides. These floods killed 400 people and left thousands more injured and homeless.

If the forests had remained to absorb the downpour, floods would not have threatened the valley's residents. By ignoring the consequences of their actions, Thai officials and loggers not only destroyed a vital resource but also created a disaster. Experts say the destructive floods have set the region's economy back 20 years.

**1) Соотнесите русские и английские словосочетания:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. to introduce deforestation programs
2. short-term solution
3. to contribute to the green house effect
4. to threaten
5. to set back
 | * 1. краткосрочное решение
	2. отбросить назад
	3. вводить в действие программы по борьбе с исчезновением лесов
	4. содействовать развитию парникового эффекта
	5. угрожать, представлять угрозу
 |

**2) Найдите в каждом ряду слово, противоположное по значению первому слову ряда.**

1.artificial a) man-made b) natural c) extraordinary d) unnatural

2. press a) encourage b) make c) force d) compel

3. demand a) necessity b) need c) requirement d) want

4. remain a)go away b) stay c) rest d) leave

5. useful a) helpful; b) effective c) useless d) good

**3) Вставьте пропущенное слово.**

1. After World War II there was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for natural resources and creation of jobs.
2. The need for land to settle made the nations to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ deforestation programs.
3. Deforestation has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ consequences.
4. A violent \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1988 created flash floods.
5. The destructive floods \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the region's economy back 20 years.

**4) Отметьте правильные предложения T (True), а неправильные F (False).**

1. The text describes the greenhouse effect.
2. People need more and more land to settle down.
3. Deforestation can increase soil quality.
4. Cutting forests is dangerous for people.
5. The destruction of forests can cause the change of the climate.

**5) Дайте ответы на следующие вопросы.**

1. What consequences can deforestation have?
2. What did the Thai government's 30-year policy lead to?
3. Why did many Thai people suffer in 1988?
4. What other environmental problems do you know?
5. Is the problem mentioned typical in our country and in your region?

**Вариант V**

**I. Замените активный залог на пассивный, как в примере.**

1. They close the museum on Monday. – *The museum is closed on Monday*.
2. We grow apples in our garden.
3. The engineers are making a new experiment.
4. People made glass from sand.
5. Somebody has stolen my new bike.
6. My friend took me for a ride yesterday.
7. I’ve received a letter.
8. They will build a new theatre next month.

**II. Раскройте скобки, используя соответствующий залог (Active or Passive) и время, как в примерах.**

1. We (do) many the exercises. - *We do many the exercises.*
2. The description of a new device (include) in the 1st section. - *The description of a new device is included in the 1st section.*
3. The results of the experiments (show) at the last meeting.
4. We (invite) our boss to take part in the discussion.
5. The articles (include) the description of a new device.
6. The necessary investigation (do) next week.
7. All the engineers of our company (invite) to take part in the conference.
8. The student (show) good knowledge of the subjects.

**III. Выберите правильный вариант ответа.**

1. Articles \_\_\_\_ every day.

 a) are translation b) are translated c) is translated

2. We \_\_\_\_\_ this text last week.

 a) are translated b) were translated c) translated

3. The work will \_\_\_\_\_\_ in time.

 a) do b) is done c) be done

4. He \_\_\_\_\_ the same work every day.

 a) do b) does c) done

5. My friend \_\_\_\_ me to help him.

 a) ask b) asked c) is asked

6. I \_\_\_\_\_ to do it.

 a) asks b) is ask c) was asked

7. The student \_\_\_\_ all the questions.

 a) answer b) answered c) was answered

8. The letters have already\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 a) been answered b) answered c) answering

1. Somebody \_\_\_\_ the ambulance.

 a) call b) called c) been called

1. The doctor \_\_\_\_\_ immediately.

 a) call b) been called c) was called

**Прочитайте текст и выполните задания после текста**

**THE BBC NEWS SERVICE**

Many people think that the BBC news programs are better than those on other channels because the BBC is not a commercial company. It pays for its programs from the television license money which everyone must pay if they have a television. The BBC, which is often known as “Auntie”, is the biggest news collecting operation in the world. It has the world’s largest network of foreign correspondents. Ten per cent of the BBC’s annual budget is spent on news collecting, reporting and presenting. More than 1700 people work for the BBC news service. The BBC produces more than 214 hours of news and current affairs programs for radio and television each week. Each television news program costs about 78 000 pounds per hour and each radio news program costs roughly 4, 000 pounds per hour. In the UK roughly 19 million people – almost 35% of the total population watch the BBC television news programs every day. Development in technology is improving news collection and presentation every year. The BBC now is using special robotic cameras in the TV news studios to film the news presenters and captions the world. And sentences at the bottom of the screen are now produced automatically by computer.

**1) Найдите в тексте следующие слова и составьте с ними предложения, используя информацию из текста:**

*commercial channel network budget technology annual*

*current affairs total population*

**2) Прочитайте и переведите текст. Найдите ошибки информационного характера в приведенных ниже предложениях и исправьте их.**

1. British people have to pay to own a television.
2. There are many new inventions in the world of television.
3. Most foreign journalists are men.
4. 35 % of the BBC’s news programmes are on the radio.
5. Many British people prefer to watch BBC news programme.

**3) Подберите к каждому предложению соответствующее продолжение, согласно информации, данной в тексте.**

1. Many people find the BBC news programs better than other channels…
2. BBC has the world’s largest network….
3. In the UK roughly 19 million people …
4. Sentences at the bottom of the screen….
5. Development in technology is improving….
	1. … of foreign correspondents.
	2. … because the BBC is not a commercial company.

 c)… news collection and presentation every year.

 d) … watch the BBC television news programs every day.

 e) … are now produced automatically by computer.

1. **Найдите в тексте ответы на следующие вопросы:**
2. How many people do work for the BBC news service?
3. How much does each television news program cost?
4. What is improving news collection and presentation every year?
5. What is the BBC using in the TV news studios now?
6. Is the BBC the biggest news collecting operation in the world?